

Stone Wool Insulation

Safety Data Sheet

according to Hazardous Products Act and Controlled Products Regulations and 29 CFR § 1910.1200

Revision date: February 2, 2018 Supersedes: August 15, 2016 Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Fibrous batt, blanket, preformed pipe or board.

Name : Stone Wool Insulation

Product code : ENERWRAP®, ProRox® FSL 920 NA – 960 NA, ProRox® MA 930 NA – 960 NA, ProRox® PS 960

(formerly TECHTON 1200 °), ProRox® PS 980 (formerly STURDIROCK), ProRox® PS 960 with WR-Tech, ProRox® PS 980 with WR-Tech, ProRox® SL 430 NA – 960 NA, SeaRox® (Formerly RHT®) FSL 618 NA, SeaRox® LM 900 ALU, SeaRox® LM 915 ALU, SeaRox® MA 720 ALU, SeaRox® MA 740 ALU, SeaRox® PS 968 NA, SeaRox® SL 320 – SL 970 (including NA and TB),

SeaRox® WM 600 - WM 950

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Use of the substance/preparation : Technical, industrial, and marine insulation

1.2.2. Uses advised against

None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ROXUL Inc.

8024 Esquesing Line

Milton, Ontario, Canada

L9T 6W3

www.rockwool.com

Telephone: 1-800-265-6878 or +1-905-878-8474

Fax: +1-905-878-8077

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Telephone: 1-800-265-6878 or +1-905-878-8474 (9:00 am to 5:00 pm)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

WHMIS Classification

Not controlled

Classification according to 2012 29 CFR § 1910.1200 [OSHA GHS]

Not classified

Classification according to NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011 [Mexico GHS]

Not classified

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

This product may cause mechanical irritation to the eyes and skin. Temporary irritation of the upper respiratory tract (scratchy throat, coughing, congestion) may result from exposure to dusts and fibers in excess of applicable exposure limits. Pre-existing chronic eye, skin and respiratory conditions may temporarily worsen due to exposure to dusts and fibers. This product may cause allergy in sensitized individuals.

There is insufficient evidence that synthetic mineral fibers cause respiratory disease in humans. Results from animal experiments have led to conservative classifications of certain synthetic mineral fibers as possible human carcinogens. Specifically, mineral wool insulation is not classifiable as to their carcinogenicity to humans. ROCKWOOL™ stone wool fibers meet the requirements of Note Q of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to WHMIS : None

Labelling according to 2012 29 CFR § 1910.1200 [OSHA GHS]

Hazard pictograms (OSHA GHS) : None

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Signal word (OSHA GHS) : None Hazard statements (OSHA GHS) : None Precautionary statements (OSHA GHS) : None

Labelling according to NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011 [Mexico GHS]

Hazard pictograms (Mexico GHS) : None Signal word (Mexico GHS) None Hazard statements (Mexico GHS) None Precautionary statements (Mexico GHS) : None

Any hazards not otherwise classified 2.3.

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Not applicable.

Mixtures 3.2.

Name	Product Identifier (CASRN)	Weight %
Mineral wool fiber	65997-17-3	97-99%
Phenol formaldehyde polymer	9003-35-4	<3%

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

If irritation occurs, remove the affected person to fresh air. Drink water, and blow nose, to clear

dusts and fibers from throat and nose. If irritation persists, consult a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact

Rinse thoroughly under running water prior to washing with mild soap and water. Use a washcloth to help remove fibers. If irritation occurs, do not rub or scratch. If irritation persists, consult a physician.

First-aid measures after eye contact

If irritation occurs, hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Do not rub the eyes. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion

Ingestion of this product is unlikely and not intended under normal conditions of use. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Wash out mouth with water. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

: Temporary mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract (scratchy throat, coughing, congestion) may result from exposure to dusts and fibers in excess of applicable exposure limits. Pre-existing chronic eye, skin and respiratory conditions may temporarily worsen due to exposure to dusts and fibers.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

Dusts and fibers may cause irritation (itching) or redness to the skin. Pre-existing chronic eye, skin and respiratory conditions may temporarily worsen due to exposure to dusts and fibers.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact

Dusts and fibers may cause irritation (itching) or redness to the eyes. Pre-existing chronic eye, skin and respiratory conditions may temporarily worsen due to exposure to dusts and fibers.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

Ingestion of this product is unlikely and not intended under normal conditions of use. Ingestion of this product may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: : Water, foam, carbon dioxide, or dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

This product is non-combustible and does not pose a fire hazard. However, packaging material may burn.

Reactivity When mineral wool is heated above approximately 200°C (~392°F), binder components and

decomposition gases are emitted from the binder, which can be detected by odor.

Advice for firefighters

Protective equipment for firefighters

: Do not enter fire are without proper protective equipment, including NIOSH-approved selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Observe normal fire fighting procedures.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Pick up large pieces and scoop up dusts and fibers after they have settled out of air. Wear protective equipment (see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet).

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8 of

this Safety Data Sheet).

Emergency procedures : Isolate area. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Avoid inhalation of dusts. Avoid creating dust

on clean-up of material. Responders and clean-up crews must be properly trained and must utilize appropriate personal protective equipment's (see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet). If dry methods or compressed air are used to collect dust and fibers, all personnel in the area should wear OSHA-approved protective equipment (see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush down sewer or drainage systems, unless system is designed and permitted to handle such material. These materials will disperse and settle along the bottom of waterways and ponds. It cannot easily be removed once it is waterborne, but is considered non-hazardous in water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : This material will settle out of air. If concentrated on land, it can be scooped up for disposal as

non-hazardous waste.

Methods for cleaning up : Use OSHA-recommended work practices and protective equipment as described in Section 8 of

this Safety Data Sheet. Avoid generating airborne dusts and fibers during cleanup. Do not use compressed air. Vacuum dusts and fibers. Place material in an appropriate container for

disposal as non-hazardous waste.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Utilize OSHA-recommended work practices and protective equipment when fabricating, installing

or removing the products (see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet). Unpack material at applicable site to avoid unnecessary handling of product. Keep work area clean. Avoid unnecessary handling of scrap material and debris by placing such materials in suitable containers, which should be kept as close to the work area as possible. Avoid generating dusts. Avoid excessive eye and skin contact with dusts and fibers. Use recommended cleanup

procedures to avoid buildup of dusts and fibers in the work area.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash with soap and

water before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Remove fibers from the work clothes, before leaving work to reduce potential skin irritation. If working in a very dusty

environment, it is advisable to shower and change clothes.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures: : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Storage condition(s) : Keep material in original packaging until it is to be used. Store material to protect against

adverse conditions including precipitation.

Incompatible materials : Hydrofluoric acid.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Commercial, industrial, residential, and marine insulation.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Follow all applicable exposure limits. Local regulations may apply. ROCKWOOL™ recommends that users of the products adhere to the OSHA-recommended PEL of 1 f/cc TWA (fibers longer than 5 µm with diameters less than 3µm). This recommended PEL, together with recommended work practices and personal protective equipment, were adopted in a Health and Safety Partnership Program (HSPP) agreement in 1999 between OSHA and the North American Insulation Manufacturers Association (NAIMA), of which ROCKWOOL™ is a member. Adherence to the OSHA-recommended PEL, work practices and protective equipment in the HSPP is expected to provide appropriate protection against all inhalation-related health risks that may be associated with exposures to mineral wool fibers (ACGIH, 1997; NAIMA, 1999; OSHA, 1999; National Research Council, 2000; IARC, 2001), and to minimize eye and skin irritation.

Reference	Exposure	Legal or Recommended Exposure Limit
OSHA Synthetic Vitreous Fibers, >5 µm length, <3 µm diameter 1 f/cc TWA (recommended)		1 f/cc TWA (recommended)
	Inert dust and particulates not otherwise regulated	15 mg/m³ TWA-PEL (total particulate) 5 mg/m³ TWA-PEL (respirable particulate)

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	Reference	Exposure	Legal or Recommended Exposure Limit
ACGIH Synthetic Vitreous Fibers, >5 µm length, <3 µm diameter 1 f/cc TWA (threshold limit value-		1 f/cc TWA (threshold limit value- TLV)	
		Particulates not otherwise classified, containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica	10 mg/m³ TWA-TLV (inhalable particulate) 3 mg/m³ TWA-TLV (respirable particulate)

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. Where feasible, general dilution ventilation or local exhaust ventilation should be used as necessary to maintain exposures below applicable exposure limits. Dust collection systems should be used in cutting or machining operations and may be needed when using power tools. Local exhaust ventilation may be required if the method of use produces dust levels which exceed applicable exposure limits. A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present.

In poorly ventilated areas when dusty conditions exist and/or dust levels exceed applicable exposure limits, wear a NIOSH certified dust respirator with an efficiency rating of N95 or higher,

Personal protective equipment : Gloves, safety glasses or goggles, protective clothing, respirator

Hand protection : Gloves.

Eye protection : Safety glasses or safety goggles with side shields.

Skin and Body protection : Appropriate protective clothing. Do not tape sleeves or pants at wrists or ankles.

Respiratory protection : In poorly ventilated areas when dusty conditions exist and/or dust levels exceed applicable exposure limits, wear a NIOSH certified dust respirator with an efficiency rating of N95 or higher.

exposure limits, wear a NIOSH certified dust respirator with an efficiency rating of N95 or higher. Use disposable face masks complying with NIOSH respirator standards, such as a 3M Model 8210 (or 8710) (3M Model 9900 in high humidity environments) or equivalent. For exposures up to five times the established exposure limits use a quarter-mask respirator, rated N95 or higher; and for exposures up to ten times the established exposure limits, use a half-mask respirator (e.g., MSA's DM-11, Racal's Delta N95, 3M's 8210), rated N95 or higher. For exposures up to 50 times the established exposure limits, use a full-faced respirator, rated N99 or higher.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid

Color : Grey, green, brown
Odor : May have slight resin odor

Odor threshold : Not applicable pH : Not applicable

Melting point : Approximately 2150°F (1177°C)

Solidification point : Data not available Boiling point : Not applicable

Flash point : None

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) Not applicable Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable Explosive limits Not applicable Vapour pressure Not applicable Relative vapour density at 20 °C Not applicable Relative density Not applicable Solubility Insoluble in water Log Pow Not applicable Log Kow Not applicable Self ignition temperature Not applicable Decomposition temperature Not applicable Viscosity, kinematic Not applicable Viscosity, dynamic Not applicable Explosive properties Not applicable Oxidising properties Not applicable

VOC Content less than 9.2. Other information

Upper flammable Limit : Not applicable
Lower Flammable Limit : Not applicable
Sensitivity to mechanical impact : No data available
Sensitivity to static discharge : No data available

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Not applicable

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This product is stable under the normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

This product is stable under the normal conditions of use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization is not known to occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid generation of dust.

10.5. Incompatible materials

This product reacts with hydrofluoric acid.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Primary combustion products of the cured urea extended phenolic formaldehyde binder, when heated above 390°F (200°C), are carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, ammonia, water and trace amounts of formaldehyde. Other undetermined compounds could be released in trace quantities. Emission usually only occurs during the first heating. The released gases may be irritating to the eyes, nose and throat during initial heat-up. Use appropriate respirators (air supplied) particularly in tightly confined or poorly ventilated areas during initial heat-up.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Routes of Entry : Oral, dermal, inhalation, eye contact.

Acute toxicity : No product data available.

Ingredient data:

Name	Product Identifier (CASRN)	Route & Species	Value (LD ₅₀ /LC ₅₀)
Mineral wool fiber	65997-17-3	No data identified	No data identified
Phenol formaldehyde polymer	9003-35-4	Oral, rat	>5000 mg/kg
		Dermal, rat	>2000 ma/ka

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Coarse fibers and dust from mineral wool products can cause irritation (itching, redness) of the skin. The itching and possible inflammation are a mechanical reaction to dust and coarse fibers (or more than about 5 µm in diameter) and are not damaging in the way chemical irritants may be. The symptoms generally abate within a short time after the end of exposure. When products are handled continually, the skin itching generally diminishes.

Serious eye damage/irritation

: Coarse fibers and dust from mineral wool products can cause irritation (itching, redness) of the eyes. The itching and possible inflammation are a mechanical reaction to dust and coarse fibers (or more than about 5 µm in diameter) and are not damaging in the way chemical irritants may be. The symptoms generally abate within a short time after the end of exposure.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : This product contains a component (phenol formaldehyde polymer) at ≥1% that may cause allergy in sensitized individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity : This product is not known to contain any components at ≥0.1% that has been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity : In October 2001, IARC completed a re-evaluation of respirable mineral wool fibers and classified them in Group 3 (not classifiable as to their carcinogenicity to humans).

Source	Classification	Description	
IARC	Group 3	mineral wool fibers: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
ACGIH	Group A3	Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	
OSHA	Not established	There is insufficient evidence that synthetic mineral fibers cause respiratory disease in humans. Results from animal experiments have led to conservative classifications of certain synthetic mineral fibers as possible human carcinogens. Specifically, insulation glass wool and continuous glass filament are not classifiable as to their carcinogenicity to humans.	

Reproductive toxicity

: This product is not known to contain any components at ≥0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.

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Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity This product is not known to contain any components at ≥0.1% that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known

hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.

Coarse fibers and dust from mineral wool products can cause temporary mechanical irritation in the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). The itching and possible inflammation are a mechanical reaction to dust and coarse fibers (or more than about 5 µm in diameter) and are not damaging in the way chemical irritants may be. The symptoms generally abate within a short

time after the end of exposure. This product is not known to contain any components at ≥1.0% that have been shown to cause Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

exposure) chronic toxic effects. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the

components, contact with this product is not expected to cause chronic toxic effects.

Aspiration hazard This product is not an aspiration hazard.

Effects of exposure may include irritation of the skin, and of the mucous membranes in the eyes Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms

and in the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

Toxicologically Synergistic Materials : None known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

No information available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available.

Other adverse effects

The products are stable, not expected to cause harm to animals, plants or fish, and have no other known adverse environmental effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

The products, as supplied, are not expected to be a characteristic hazardous waste under RCRA if discarded. Product is not considered a hazardous waste. Dispose of waste material according to Federal, State, Provincial and Local environmental regulations. Comply with relevant regulations with regards to disposal, recycling, treatment, transportation and storage of contents and containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

No special precautions. This product is not considered to be a hazardous material for transport.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1.

15.1.1. National regulations

USA : This product has been classified in accordance with the 2012 hazard criteria of the OSHA's HCS

and the SDS contains all the information required by the 29 CFR § 1910.1200.

Canada This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled

Products Regulations.

Mexico : This product has been classified in accordance with NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011.

All compounds in this product are listed in the Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) and the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory (1985).

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of Preparation : May 29, 2015

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Sources of Key data

: A complete copy of OSHA-recommended workplace practices and protective equipment when fabricating, installing or removing the products can be obtained from ROXUL Inc. and is available on the OSHA website (http://www.osha.gov/SLTC/syntheticmineralfibers).

IARC Monograph Man-made Vitreous Fibres, press release October 2001

Safety in the Use of Mineral and Synthetic Fibers, Occupational Safety and Health Series, International Labor Office.

Information about "Health and Safety Research on Rock- and Slag-wool" can be obtained from the North American Insulation Manufacturers Association (NAIMA), 44 Canal Center Plaza, Suite 210, Alexandria, VA 22314, USA). Homepage: http://www.naima.org

Complete citations, or copies of all references cited in this SDS can be obtained from ROXUL Inc. (See Section 1).

Abbreviations and acronyms

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

bw - body weight

CASRN - Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

CFR – US Code of Federal Regulations DSL – Canada Domestic Substances List GHS – Globally Harmonized System HCS – US Hazard Communication Standard

IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer LD₅₀ – Acute lethal dose causing 50% lethality in animals

(M)SDS - (Material) Safety Data Sheet

NAIMA – North American Insulation Manufacturers Association NIOSH – National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NTP – National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

SCBA - Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - US Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA – Time-Weighted Average US – United States of America

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

Disclaimer: The information contained herein is based upon data considered to be accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data, the results to be obtained from the use thereof, or that any such use will not infringe upon any patent. This information is furnished as a guide only and upon the condition that the person receiving it shall make tests to determine the accuracy and suitability for his or her own purpose. No responsibility is assumed for injury or damage from the use of the products described herein.

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